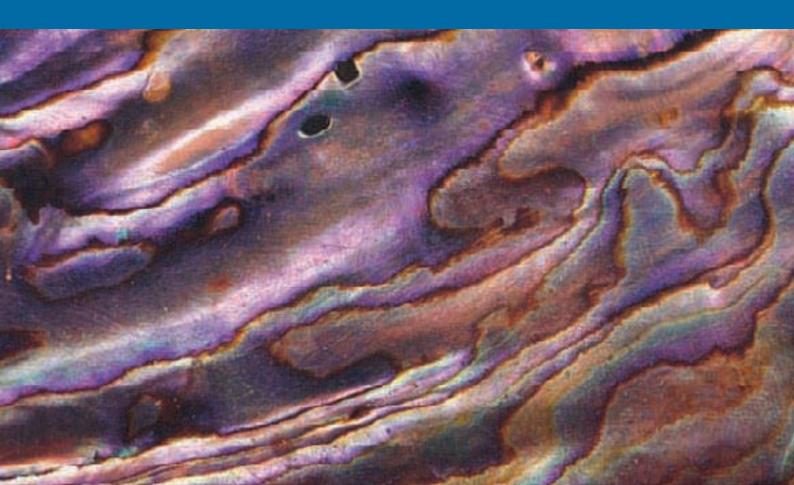
Maori methods and indicators for marine protection



Summary of research findings



GLOSSARY OF MAORI WORDS

awa/river, channel hapu/sub-tribe hapuka/groper harekeke/flax hui/meeting ika/fish iwi/tribe Kahutia Te Rangi/ancestor of Ngati Konohi kai/feed, food kaimoana/seafood kaipupuri mana/holders of authority kaitiaki/caretaker, trustee kaitiakitanga/sharing guardianship responsibility karakia/prayer kaumatua/elder, wise man kina/sea egg, sea urchin kohanga/nursery koura/crayfish kuia/old (wise) woman mahi/work, employment makawe parengo/black, sweet seaweed mana/pride, strength, reputation manaaki/embracing each other, support mango pare/hammerhead shark manuhiri/visitors marae/meeting house mataitai/reserved sea area for marae use

matauranga/knowledge moana/sea mokopuna/grandchildren Pakeha/non-Maori pakeke/customs parengo/seaweed Pukehapopo/sacred hill of Ngati Konohi pupu/periwinkle rahui/embargo rangatahi/modern youth rohe moana/coastal area taiapure/locally managed sea area tamariki/children Tangaroa/guardian of the sea tangata kaitiaki/caretakers of a given area tangata whenua/local people tikanga/custom tino rangatiratanga/autonomy tio/oyster tohu/signs, indicators tohunga/priest waananga/learning wawataa/aspirations whanau/family wharekai/eating house, dining room whenua/land

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Carla Wilson, Debbie Freeman, Kerry Hogan and Kati Thompson



Te Poho o Kahungunu

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Preface

This report has been prepared on behalf of the project manager to inform the Foundation for Research, Science and Technology (FRST) about the achievements of the Maori Methods and Indictors for Marine Protection project and the lessons learnt from the process. The views expressed in this report are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect those of the New Zealand Government, the Minister of Conservation or the Minister for the Environment.

I wish first to acknowledge all of the people of Ngati Konohi and Ngati Kere who contributed to this project over the last few years. I believe that through working closely together on this project we have made a useful contribution to improving our collective understanding of how we could, through continuing to working together in the future, better manage our marine resources for the benefit of all.

I wish also to acknowledge the contributions of the staff of the Department of Conservation, the Ministry for the Environment and the regional government agencies, and all the contracted technical specialists. Not only were your professional contributions excellent, but your willingness to go beyond this and involve yourselves as individuals was also very important in fostering a good working relationship and understanding with the two local communities.

The aim of this project was to work with two Maori communities to determine whether the marine protection mechanisms provided by the Government could assist them in achieving their community goals for their rohe moana, as well as the Government's own marine protection goals, and to share the findings with others.

The project has demonstrated that the marine protection mechanisms currently available have the potential to be used in an integrated way to achieve both these purposes. However, there are issues that need to be addressed to facilitate the understanding and implementation of the mechanisms by Maori.

While this project has come to an end, the need for Maori and government agencies to work together on protecting our marine environment has not. This report makes some recommendations for both that will enhance an ongoing effective working relationship into the future.

A key aim of this project was to share the findings with others. With this in mind, all of the reports that have arisen from the project can be accessed from a single page on the DOC website: <u>www.doc.govt.nz/maoriandmarinereserves</u>.

Kf. Ogan

Kerry Hogan **N**PROJECT MANAGER

Kaiora intertidal platform looking to Turihaua Point

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