

Auckland Island seabirds

Gibson's and white-capped albatross and white-chinned petrel 2018–19

Project POP2017-04

Kalinka Rexer-Huber, Graham Parker Kath Walker, Graeme Elliott, David Thompson



Introduction

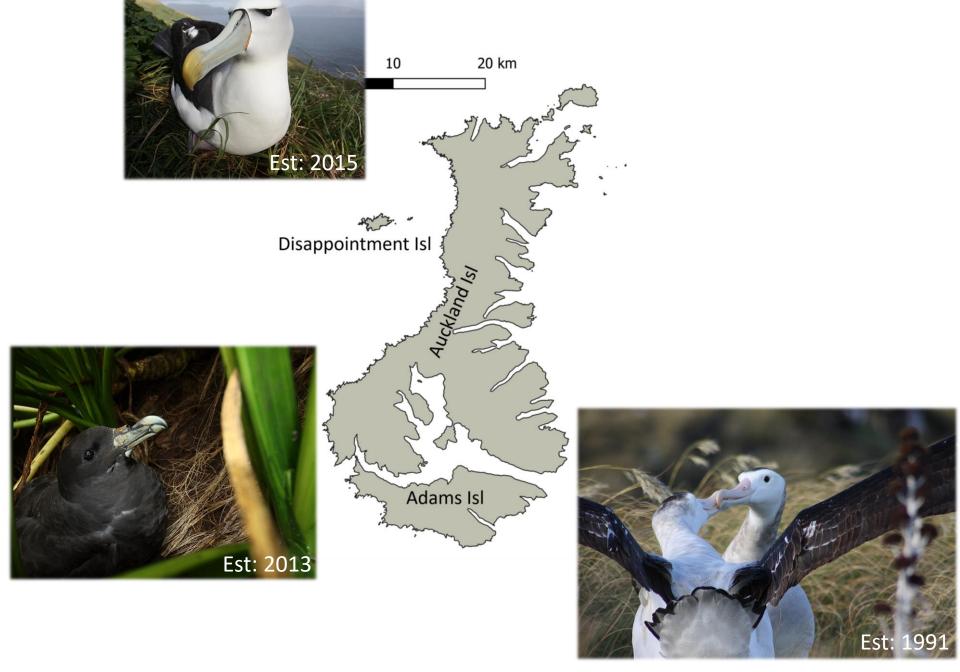


Long-lived, slow-breeding, high conservation concern, vulnerable to accidental capture in fisheries









Scope



Mark-recapture, tracking

white-chinned Gibson's white-capped

Gibson's albatross

Population size Update survival, productivity and recruitment

White-capped albatross

Nest cams Aerial photos

White-chinned petrels

nine days 15-25 Dec

study burrows

- resightings
- banding new breeders

burrow switch checks new study burrows



White-chinned petrels



Three GLS recovered

Recapture rate 0.27 (n=47)

- 0.35 two years ago
- only a quarter changed over (9d)

Some burrow-switching

• 3 in new burrows 2–5m away



White-chinned petrels



- 230 banded in 131 study burrows (+54 new)
- 4 yrs—no modelling yet—data look suitable





Gibson's albatross



4 December-30 January



Gibson's tracking

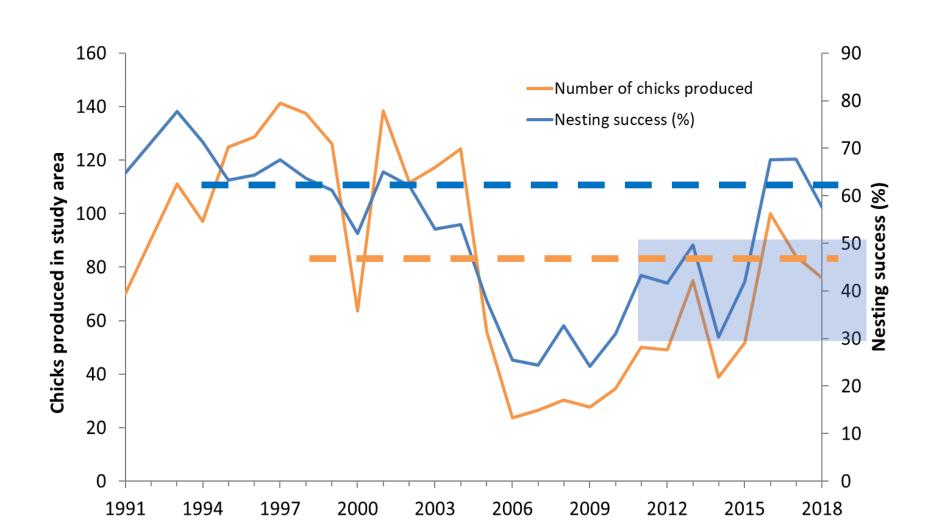






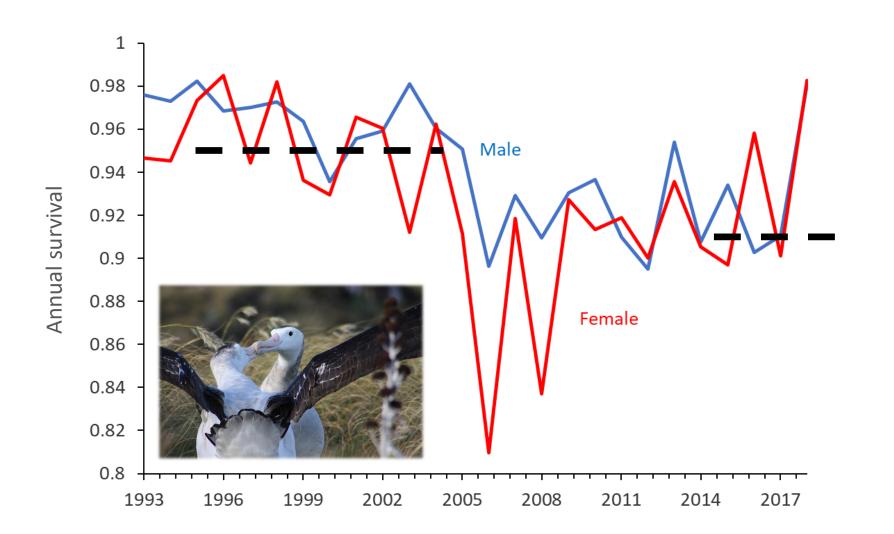
Gibson's productivity





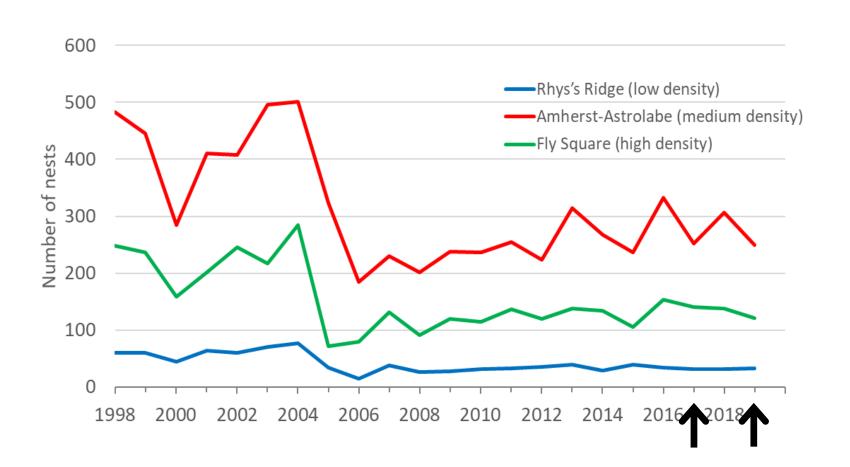
Gibson's survival



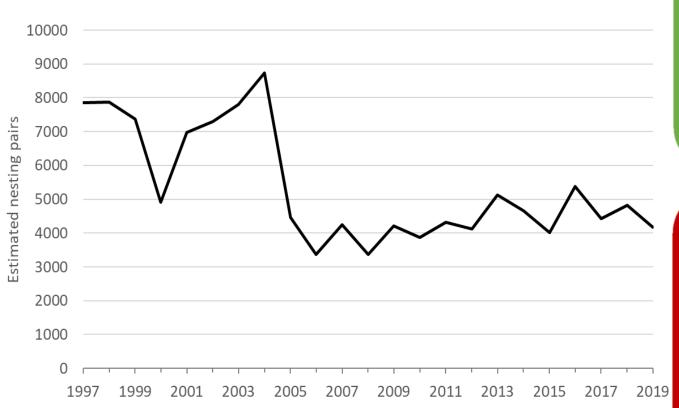


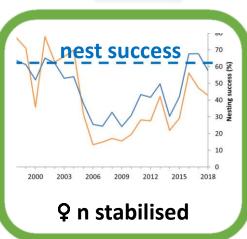
Gibson's census blocks

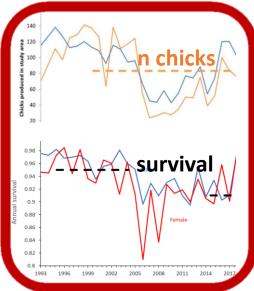




Gibson's population trend







White-capped albatross





White-capped albatross





Bands deployed

2015: 150

2016: 83

• 2017: 160

2018: 128

2019: 122

Banded population 643 birds (+ historic bands)





WCA recaptures



Resighting rates

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21% of 150 in 2016 3 d on island 24% of 233 in 2017 2.5 d 33% of 393 in 2018 2.5 d 34% of 557 in 2019 2.5 d
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White-capped albatross



Study impact and feasibility

- Nervous species
- Steep terrain
- Windy
- Delicate island
- Challenging access



WCA 2015-19



- Marked population established
- Building recapture histories for robust survival estimates
- Short visits but resighting rates encouraging
- Short visits limit changeovers

Primary focus now resighting

WCA nest camera trial



- Up to 9½ months (from Jan 2018)
- Badly-corroded cameras only 2½ mo
- Full set 17,270 images reviewed







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WCA nest cams



- Fledging ~27 July (12 July-23 Aug)
- Adults first return to colony 30 Sept-10 Oct (2 cameras)—back full-time by 17 Oct (one camera)
- Low chick success; breeding success unknown but will be lower yet
- Breeding success and failure rates
 - Nest cams over 2 yrs to follow full breeding season
 - More nests

WCA aerial photographs



- Castaways B photographed 7 February
- 260 suitable photos archived
- Main difference: 3 wks later
- Correct with breeding failure rates during incub (nest cams)



Recommendations



White-chinned petrel

 Data look good for demographic estimates given more annual checks

Gibson's albatross

- Recovery still slowed by relatively high annual mortality and >10yrs low productivity
- Pop size, structure, trend should remain priorities

White-capped albatross

- Resighting priority, min 5d in Feb
- Breeding success, failure rates: nest cams over two years

Acknowledgements



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Heli pilot **Brian Patterson** and **Steve Kafka** and *Evohe* crew provided safe passage to, around and from the islands