



**INT 2009/02**  
**Photo-identification of live seabirds captured in New Zealand fisheries**

Progress Report 29 October 2010

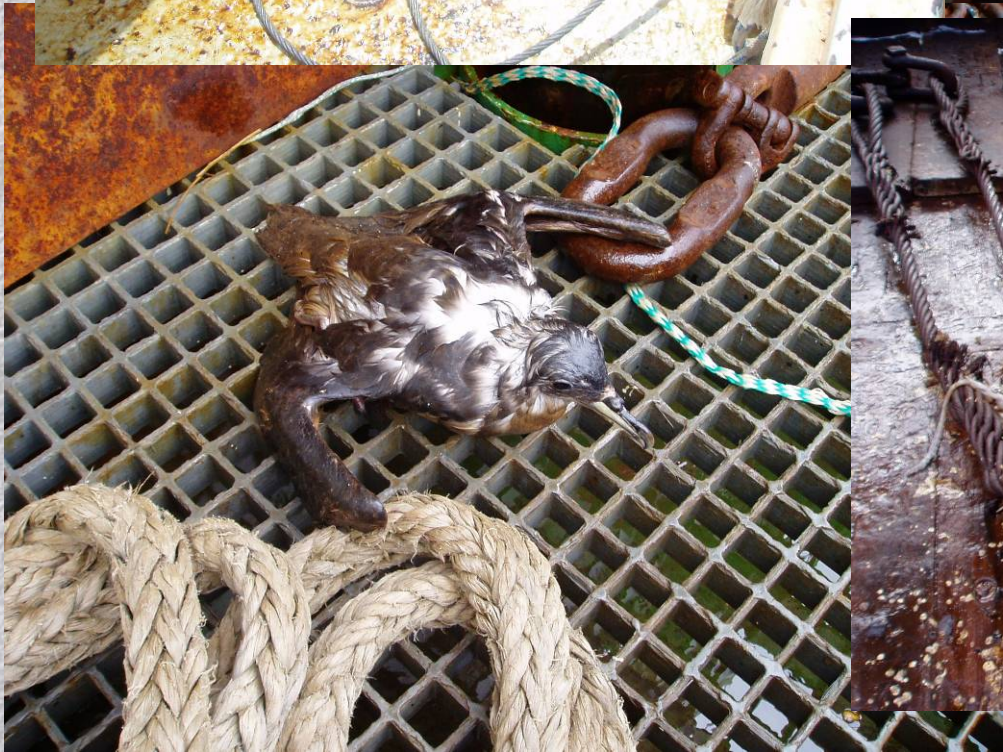
# Objectives

Using photographs taken by observers, to accurately identify seabirds captured and released alive following interactions with New Zealand fishing vessels during the period 1 October 2004 to 30 September 2010.

1. To identify, from photographs taken by observers, the seabirds captured and released alive during the 2004/05 to 2009/10 fishing years
2. Update the observer database as necessary with correct identifications.

# Historic protocol for Observers

- obtain photographs of all marine mammal and seabirds captured (including those released alive if possible)
- make an entry in a photo log for every photograph taken



# Methods

- Data extract for all seabirds captured 2005/06 to 2008/09
- Photos sought for all cases where no value for identification at autopsy (live and dead)
- Matching by trip, station, specimen number, date, time and comments on photo log
- Photos provided to expert (David Thompson, NIWA)

# Some problems

- Many captures not photographed
- Sometimes poor photo quality and lack of replication
- Difficulties in matching (no autopsy label photographed for live specimens, photo logs sometimes insufficient)

# Expert determination

- Each specimen identified to lowest possible taxon
- Features used noted
- Whether observer identification should be superceeded was recorded
- Any other comments

# Results classification

**Confirmed** = expert identification confirmed  
observer identification

**Retained** = observer identification was at lower  
taxonomic level than expert determination, and  
consistent with it, so retained

**New, consistent** = expert identification was to a  
lower taxonomic level and consistent with the  
observer identification

**New, not consistent** = expert identification was  
not consistent with observer identification



# Examples

<b>Obs code</b>	<b>Photo nos</b>	<b>DT ID code</b>	<b>DT ID (no code)</b>	<b>DT features used for ID</b>	<b>DT comments</b>	<b>Result</b>
<b>XSA</b>	<b>P9070128-29</b>	<b>XSA</b>	<b>Salvin's albatross</b>	<b>Bill and head morphology</b>		<b>Confirmed</b>
<b>XCP</b>	<b>P9070125</b>	<b>XSS</b>	<b>Seabird - small</b>		<b>Impossible to tell from picture</b>	<b>Retained</b>
<b>XAL</b>	<b>P1260010-13</b>	<b>XAU</b>	<b>Gibson's albatross</b>	<b>Size, colouration</b>		<b>New, consistent</b>
<b>XAL</b>	<b>P1010051</b>	<b>XSH</b>	<b>Sooty shearwater</b>	<b>Size, colouration, feet</b>		<b>New, not consistent</b>

## Result of expert photograph determination, by year

Year	Confirmed	Retained	New, consistent	New, not consistent	Total
2005/06	8	3	4	4	19
2006/07	55	2	22	11	90
2007/08	43	3	7	7	60
2008/09	41	4	7	2	54
<b>Total</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>223</b>

## Result of expert photograph determination, by life status of seabird

Life status	Confirmed	Retained	New, consistent	New, not consistent	Total
Dead	93	3	11	14	121
Live	54	9	29	10	102
Total	147	12	40	24	223

# Result of expert photograph determination, by observer identification

Species (observer)	Confirmed	Retained	New, consistent	New, not consistent	Total
Albatross (unidentified)	1		5	1	7
Black-browed albatross (unidentified)	2		1	1	4
Cape petrels		1	1	1	3
Penguins			1		1
Petrel (unidentified)	6		3		9
Prions (unidentified)	2				2
Seabird - large			3		3
Storm petrels			1		1
Unidentified fish				1	1
Wandering albatross (unidentified)			21		21
<b>Average</b>	<b>21%</b>	<b>2%</b>	<b>69%</b>	<b>8%</b>	

## Result of expert photograph determination, by observer identification

Species (observer)	Confirmed	Retained	New, consistent	New, not consistent	Total
<b>Black petrel</b>	<b>4</b>				<b>4</b>
Black-backed gull	1				1
Black-bellied storm petrel	1		1		2
Buller's albatross	17	2			19
Buller's shearwater		3	1		4
Cape petrel	2		1		3
Chatham Island albatross	1				1
Common diving petrel	4			1	5
Fairy prion		2		1	3
<b>Flesh-footed shearwater</b>	<b>6</b>				<b>6</b>
Grey petrel	5				5
Grey-backed storm petrel		1		2	3
Northern royal albatross	1				1
Salvin's albatross	14			1	15
Shy albatross				7	7
Sooty shearwater	27		1		28
Southern giant petrel				4	4
Southern royal albatross	1				1
Wandering (Snowy) albatross				3	3
Westland petrel	2				2
White chinned petrel		1			1
White-capped albatross	17	1			18
White-chinned petrel	29	1		1	31
White-faced storm petrel	3				3
Yellow-eyed penguin	1				1
<b>Average</b>	<b>80%</b>	<b>6%</b>	<b>2%</b>	<b>12%</b>	

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Black-bellied storm petrel	1		1		2
Buller's albatross	17	2			19
Buller's shearwater		3	1		4
Cape petrel	2		1		3
Chatham Island albatross	1				1
Common diving petrel	4			1	5
Fairy prion		2		1	3
Flesh-footed shearwater	6				6
Grey petrel	5				5
<b>Grey-backed storm petrel</b>		<b>1</b>		<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>
Northern royal albatross	1				1
Salvin's albatross	14			1	15
Shy albatross				7	7
Sooty shearwater	27		1		28
Southern giant petrel				4	4
Southern royal albatross	1				1
<b>Wandering (Snowy) albatross</b>				<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>
Westland petrel	2				2
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<b>Average</b>	<b>80%</b>	<b>6%</b>	<b>2%</b>	<b>12%</b>	

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Buller's shearwater		3	1		4
Cape petrel	2		1		3
Chatham Island albatross	1				1
Common diving petrel	4			1	5
Fairy prion		2		1	3
Flesh-footed shearwater	6				6
Grey petrel	5				5
Grey-backed storm petrel		1		2	3
Northern royal albatross	1				1
Salvin's albatross	14			1	15
<b>Shy albatross</b>				<b>7</b>	<b>7</b>
Sooty shearwater	27		1		28
<b>Southern giant petrel</b>				<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>
Southern royal albatross	1				1
Wandering (Snowy) albatross				3	3
Westland petrel	2				2
White chinned petrel		1			1
White-capped albatross	17	1			18
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# Recommendations (underway)

- training for new observers is provided on the importance of photography as a tool for protected species identification;
- training for new observers is provided on how to take suitable photographs for identification use, and overcome common problems encountered;
- training for new observers is provided on filling out photo logs and setting camera date/time so as to facilitate matching to interaction events; and
- expert identification of photographs of seabirds not returned for autopsy is conducted routinely alongside the autopsy programme.

## E.g. photographic tips to observers

- take multiple pictures
- try to photograph multiple angles and features (including upperparts, underparts, head, legs/feet)
- ensure time and date is correct on the camera – esp. after changing battery etc.
- always check the result and re-photograph if needed
- when reviewing, zoom in to check focus
- try metering on neutral areas (not black or white)
- if white autopsy label is influencing exposure (causing a dark animal to be under exposed), take additional pictures without the label in frame
- use macro setting for close-ups
- in low light try to utilise extra lighting to achieve good focus

# Recommendations

- ensure training on photographic methods is provided to all existing observers;
- update the observer manual to more fully describe the nature of photographs that observers should obtain;
- require photograph numbers be entered into comments field of observer non-fish bycatch form;
- update the photo log provided to observers to help ensure full matching information is collected; and
- ongoing monitoring of the extent and utility of observer photographic records (i.e. what proportion of interactions are photographed, and how suitable those photographs are for determining identification).